

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/774,800	02/09/2004	Lance E. Brothers	HES 2003-IP-010081U1P1	9072	
28857	7590 11/01/2005		EXAMINER		
CRAIG W. RODDY HALLIBURTON ENERGY SERVICES			BATES, ZAKIYA W		
P.O. BOX 14		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
DUNCAN, OK 73536-0440			3676		

DATE MAILED: 11/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A	oplication No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		_	0/774,800	BROTHERS ET A	AL.			
		E	kaminer	Art Unit				
			akiya W. Bates	3676				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
WHICH - Extensi after SI - If NO p - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR A STATUTORY PERIO	AILING DATE of 37 CFR 1.136(a) nunication. atutory period will ap will, by statute, cau	E OF THIS COMMUNIC In no event, however, may a repoply and will expire SIX (6) MONT se the application to become ABA	ATION.  Day be timely filed  HS from the mailing date of this of the control of t	•			
Status								
1) F	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on						
· —	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)□ \$								
c	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositio	n of Claims							
4)🛛 (	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-48</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>24-48</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) <u> </u>	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ (	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16,18-20,22 and 23</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) <u>17 and 21</u> is/are objected t							
8) 🗌 (	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or el	ection requirement.					
Applicatio	n Papers		,		·			
9)□ T	he specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
10)∏ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accept	ed or b)□ objected to b	y the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[	cknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority			119(a)-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
	application from the Internation							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment(	s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)								
3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 02092004,03122004.  09.302,004  5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  6) ☐ Other:								

Application/Control Number: 10/774,800 Page 2

Art Unit: 3676

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-23, drawn to a method of cementing, classified in class 166, subclass 293.
- II. Claims 24-48, drawn to a cement composition, classified in class 106, subclass 600.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions II and I are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of use.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Application/Control Number: 10/774,800 Page 3

Art Unit: 3676

5. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

- 6. During a telephone conversation with Craig Roddy on 10/27/05 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of group I, claims 1-23. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 24-48 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.
- 7. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Application/Control Number: 10/774,800

Art Unit: 3676

9. Claims 1-3, 5-16, 18-20, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5,820,670 (cited by applicant).

US 5,820,670 discloses a method that includes a method of cementing in a subterranean formation comprising the steps of: providing a cement composition comprising an unhydrated cement that comprises a high alumina cement, a silica source (fly ash), and a soluble phosphate; and a set retarder comprising a water soluble carboxylic acid (tartaric acid); placing the cement composition into the subterranean formation; permitting the cement composition to set therein. With respect to the depending claims, the reference teaches the limitations as claimed, including rubber particles and carbon fibers.

10. Claims 1-3, 5-15, 19, 20, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US 6,796,378.

US 6,796,378 discloses a method that includes a method of cementing in a subterranean formation comprising the steps of: providing a cement composition comprising an unhydrated cement that comprises a high alumina cement, a silica source (fly ash), and a soluble phosphate; and a set retarder comprising a water soluble carboxylic acid (citric or tartaric acid); placing the cement composition into the subterranean formation; permitting the cement composition to set therein. With respect to the depending claims, the reference teaches the limitations as claimed, including rubber particles.

Application/Control Number: 10/774,800 Page 5

Art Unit: 3676

### **Double Patenting**

11. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

12. Claims 4 and 23 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 9 and 23 of U.S. Patent No. 6,904,971. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the instant invention are merely a broader form of the US 6,904,971 patent claims. For example, the claims of the instant invention recite limitations such as" "silica source" as opposed to the more narrow "vitrified shale" of the US patent; water soluble carboxylic acid" as opposed to the more narrow "tartaric" or "citric acid" of the US patent; and does not include the water limitation as the US patent. It would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included the broader claim of the instant invention within the US patent in order to provide broadened patent protection.

Application/Control Number: 10/774,800

Art Unit: 3676

Page 6

### Allowable Subject Matter

13. Claims 17 and 21 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Zakiya W. Bates whose telephone number is (571) 272-7039. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30 AM-5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Glessner can be reached on (571) 272-6843. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Zakiya W. Bates Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3676

zb

October 28, 2005